

# Acts

## Chapter 2

Student

**Contents:** **HOLY SPIRIT**'s coming on day of Pentecost. The gospel given to the Jews. Peter's great sermon on the resurrected **CHRIST**, and the conviction of the people.

**Characters:** **GOD, JESUS, HOLY SPIRIT**, disciples, Peter, Joel, David.

**Conclusion:** Upon Jesus **CHRIST**'s return to heaven, He poured forth the **HOLY SPIRIT** upon His own, proving His arrival there as the crucified Lamb of God, and distinguishing His followers as messengers from heaven. The fullness of the **HOLY SPIRIT** is necessary to a true understanding of the Scriptures and to the presenting of Jesus the **CHRIST** in convicting power to unsaved men.

**Key Word:** *Holy Ghost/[HOLY SPIRIT]*, 4. Witnessing, 14.

**Strong Verses:** 21, 23, 24, 33, 36, 38, 39.

**Striking Facts:** Verses 32-34. Three conclusive proofs are here given that Jesus **CHRIST** arose from the dead.

1. He was seen by the disciples. [**Acts 1:3; I Corinthians 15:15-18**]
2. The **HOLY SPIRIT** has come upon men, and this promise was conditioned by Jesus upon His resurrection. [**Luke 24:46-49**]
3. The prophecies declared He must not see corruption. [Psalms 49:9; 89:48; 16:10, (*quoted in Acts 2:27-31*), Acts 13:36-37]

### Questions:

1. What Old Testament prophecy was completed?

Where is it found?

2. What did the listeners think was wrong with the disciples?

3. Who witnessed this miracle?

4. How did the prophecy manifest itself?

5. What was the miracle?

6. What did Peter do? What was the result?

7. What miraculous action(s) did the new disciples do?

## Where are those Places?

**Parthia** [Iran] - At its height, the *Parthian Empire* stretched from the **northern** reaches of the Euphrates, in what is now central-**eastern** Turkey, to **eastern Iran**. The empire, located on the Silk Road trade route between the Roman Empire in the Mediterranean Basin and the Han Empire of China, became a center of trade and commerce.

**Pamphylia** - (Ancient Greek: Παμφυλία, Pamphylía, modern pronunciation Pamfylía /pæm'filiə/) was a former region in the south of **Asia Minor**, between **Lycia** and **Cilicia**, extending from the **Mediterranean** to **Mount Taurus** (modern-day **Antalya province**, Turkey).

**Egypt** - in ancient was a civilization of ancient North **Africa**, concentrated along the lower reaches of the **Nile River** in the place that is now the country Egypt.

Ancient **Libya** - in this sense, was the whole known African continent to the west of the **Nile Valley** and extended south of **Egypt**.

**Cyrene** - was an ancient Greek city on the **North African** coast near present-day **Shahhat**, a town located in north-eastern Libya. The precise location of the ancient city was thirteen kilometres from the coast.

**Crete** - is the largest island in Greece and the fifth largest island in the Mediterranean Sea. It is located in the southern part of the Aegean Sea separating the Aegean from the Libyan Sea.

**Arabia** - The Sabaean kingdom was located in Yemen, and its capital, Ma'rib, is located near what is now Yemen's modern capital, Sana'a. According to **South** Arabian tradition, the eldest son of Noah, Shem, founded the city of Ma'rib.